



Patent Application

2. of
3. John F. Harris and Ardle E. Page
4. for
5. Catch Basin Filter

6. References Cited

7. U.S. Patent Documents:
8. 5,372,714 Dec. 13,1994 Logue Jr.
9. 5,575,925 Nov. 19,1996 Logue Jr.
10. 5,849,198 Dec. 15, 1998 Sharpless
11. 6,149,803 Nov. 21 2000 DiLoreto, Jr. et al.

12. Description of Prior Art

13. This invention relates to a filter for use in a storm sewer catch basin equipped
14. with a top grate. The ground water flows through the grate into the catch basin and
15. into the sewer line. Before the ground water flows into the sewer line it needs to be
16. filtered free of pollutants.

17. In the past this has been accomplished by placing a filter bag below the grate and
18. inside the catch basin. In Patent # 5,575,925 and # 5,575,925 the filter bag is held into
19. place by the weight of the grate against the lip of the basin opening. When the bag
20. fills with the weight of filtered solids the bag tends to be pulled past the original

1 position of depth. When the bag is emptied the filter bag is further pulled down into
2 the grate risking the spilling of solids into the basin and the contamination of the sewer
3 line. The slipping of the filter sack into the basin is prevented by the insertion of mettle
4 rods into flaps which extends away from the grate. This is an unnecessary expense in the
5 manufacturing of the filter bag flaps, and materials, and labor.

6 Other filter bags which are below the grate and inside the catch basin require
7 expensive support devices. In Patents # 6,149,803 and # 5,849,198, the catch basin filter
8 requires complex framing and supports which are unnecessary and expensive to
9 manufacture, ship, and install. Patent # 5,849,198 describes a filter attached to the grate by
10 a mechanical means such as chains or rods attached to a frame supporting a filter cartridge.
11 These devices are unnecessary and expensive to manufacture and ship, and labor intensive
12 to install. For the above reasons there is a need for a catch basin filter that is easy to
13 install, environmentally safe to empty, and inexpensive to manufacture.

14 Our invention is a removable filter for a storm sewer catch basin equipped
15 with a removable top inlet grate. The filter is typically composed of a porous geo textile
16 fabric. The typical embodiment of our filter consists of a filter bag attached to the grate
17 and suspended inside of the catch basin. The invention is an attachment means of
18 holding a filter in place on the grate both during filtration and during filter removal.
19 This prevents unnecessary contamination of the catch basin during service.
20 The attachment means holds the basin filter in position by encircling the
21 grate and thereby couples the filter bag and the inlet grate together. When
22 the filter is removed, the filter bag and grate are both removed as one unit



from the catch basin. This prevents the filter from slipping free and dumping

2 solids into the catch basin during both filtration and filter removal.

3 Other objects and features of the invention will become apparent as our

4 description proceeds, especially when considered with the accompanying

5 drawings illustrating the invention. We include one sheet and one embodiment.

6 Description of the Drawings

7 FIG. 1 is a top view of our filter bag in a catch basin below a top grate with

8 the top edge of the bag enwrapping the inlet grate; and FIG.2 is a sectional view

9 taken along line II. – II. of FIG. 1.

10 Description of the Preferred Embodiment

11 The concrete catch basin 12 has an inlet grate 22 located at grade level. In ground

12 side walls 14, and floor 16. Floor 16 and side walls 14, define chamber 20.

13 Concrete storm sewer pipe 18 extends away from one of the side walls 14 above

14 floor 16. Rectangular inlet grate 22 closes the catch basin inlet 34. Ground

15 water flows through the grate 22 and into the catch basin chamber 20.

16 The catch basin filter includes a filter bag 26 inside the catch basin

17 chamber 20, and also a top edge of the filter bag 24 which enwraps

18 the grate 22. Said filter bag 26 includes four tapered side walls which are joined

19 together to form a filter top opening to receive waste water.

1 Filter bag 26 is preferably made from woven polypropylene fabric. The woven
2 fabric permits water to flow freely through the filter bag 26 while retaining
3 pollutants, including suspended solids, inside of the bag. The side walls form a
4 bottom to retain the pollutants. When filled, the filter bag expands to full shape
5 32. The filter bag 26 is held in place by enwrapping the grate 22 with a top edge
6 of the filter bag 24. The filter bag top edge 24 includes grommets 30 and a draw
7 cord 28.

10 When the filter is removed, the grate 22 is used as a ridged support to lift the
11 filter bag 26 as one unit up, out and away from catch basin 12. The filter bag 26,
12 when full, would normally require a mechanical means for removal from the
13 catch basin. The additional weight of a typical grate 22 would be a minimal
14 portion of the total removed units' weight.

15 When the filter bag is emptied, the grate 22 is removed from the filter bag
16 top edge 24. The filter bag 26 can then be dumped or disposed of. When filter
17 26 is reused, grate 22 is reinserted into filter bag 26. The filter bag top edge 24 is
18 pulled around grate 22 using draw cord 28. The cord is pulled through grommets
19 30. Grate 22 and filter bag 26 are together lowered back into catch basin.

20 While we have illustrated and described a preferred embodiment of our
21 invention, we wish to not be thereby limited to this preferred embodiment but
22 wish to include such changes and variations as fall with the scope of the
23 following claims.